法の支配と紛争解決

Dr Alexander Ressos, TEP
Attorney-at-Law (Switzerland and Germany),
Solicitor (England & Wales and Hong Kong)
Of Counsel, KGP Legal LLC
alexander.ressos@kgplegal.com.sg
www.ressos.com.sg

- 腐敗認識指数（2025年）：84点、182か国中3位——第F部第I章および第I部第I章[1]
- WJP法の支配指数（2025年）：スコア0.78、143か国中16位——第F部第I章[2]
- CPIBへの汚職通報（2025年）：160件。90人が訴追され、そのうち84人は民間部門の者でした——第F部第I章および第H部第V章[3]
- SIACの新規事件数：343件（2016年）、1,080件（2020年）、663件（2023年）、625件（2024年）、886件（2025年、うち管理事件737件）——第F部第II章および第J部第III章[4]
- SIACにおける係争額の総額（2025年）：145.3億米ドル——第F部第II章[5]
- SIAC事件の準拠法（2025年）：シンガポール法52.1%、イングランド法28.4%——第F部第II章および第J部第III章[6]
- SICCへの提訴件数：2件（2015年）、28件（2024年）——第F部第III章[7]

© 2026 Dr Alexander Ressos. General information only, not legal, tax or investment advice. No client relationship is created. All Singapore law advice is provided by a duly licensed and regulated firm of Singapore advocates and solicitors only on the basis of an express written letter of engagement. More information at SingaporeIQ.com and ressos.com.sg.

注

1. Transparency International、国別ページ“Singapore”（transparency.org）。第F部第I章で引用。 ↩
2. World Justice Project, *WJP Rule of Law Index 2025*、世界ランキング表。第F部第I章で引用。 ↩
3. Corrupt Practices Investigation Bureau、2026年4月28日付プレスリリース。第F部第I章で引用。 ↩
4. SIAC, *Annual Report 2025*, Statistics 2025。第F部第II章で引用。 ↩
5. SIAC, *Annual Report 2025*, “Sum in Dispute”。第F部第II章で引用。 ↩
6. SIAC, *Annual Report 2025*, “Governing Laws”。第F部第II章で引用。 ↩
7. *The Business Times*、2025年10月21日。judiciary.gov.sgに転載され、第F部第III章で引用。 ↩

Disclaimer

This article is provided for general information only. It is based on publicly available sources as at its date of publication. These sources have not been independently verified against licences, regulatory registers or the records of the entities concerned. It is not legal, tax, financial or investment advice. Nor is it a recommendation to invest in, transact with or use the services of any entity mentioned. Law and regulation change frequently, so the content may be incomplete or outdated. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Dr Alexander Ressos and the publisher of SingaporeIQ exclude all liability for loss or damage arising from the use of or reliance on this article. Readers should obtain advice on their specific circumstances before acting or refraining from action.

Names and trademarks of the entities discussed belong to their owners and are used for identification only. Their mention implies no endorsement, affiliation or allegation of wrongdoing. All Singapore law advice is provided by a duly licensed and regulated firm of Singapore advocates and solicitors only on the basis of an express written letter of engagement. Corrections and updates: contact@ressos.com.

© 2026 Dr Alexander Ressos. General information only, not legal, tax or investment advice. No client relationship is created. All Singapore law advice is provided by a duly licensed and regulated firm of Singapore advocates and solicitors only on the basis of an express written letter of engagement. More information at SingaporeIQ.com and ressos.com.sg.

© 2026 Dr Alexander Ressos. This article may be quoted with attribution to SingaporeIQ (SingaporeIQ.com). Reproduction in full and any commercial use require prior written consent. The Legal Terms at https://singaporeiq.com/legal-terms apply.

Author contact: Dr Alexander Ressos, TEP · contact@ressos.com

© 2026 Dr Alexander Ressos. General information only, not legal, tax or investment advice. No client relationship is created. All Singapore law advice is provided by a duly licensed and regulated firm of Singapore advocates and solicitors only on the basis of an express written letter of engagement. More information at SingaporeIQ.com and ressos.com.sg.